

JOY IN BRAZIL.

Long Drawn Out War at Last Closed.

The Rebel Forces Have Surrendered Unconditionally.

WHITE FLAG DOWN.

Insurgents Lower Their Ensign After a Furious Shelling.

RIO DE JANEIRO, March 14.—The war is practically over and the cause of the insurgents is lost. There is much rejoicing in this city at the elimination of the struggle, which has continued so many months, with no object saveing but to hamper business and destroy property. The rebel forces have surrendered unconditionally. The officers of the insurgent fleet have taken refuge on board French and Portuguese warships. One French vessel has put to sea with many of the rebel officers on board. It is said that Admiral Da Gama is on board the British war-ship Sirius. When the fact became known that Da Gama had offered to capitulate, the government fleet entered the harbor quietly. As the vessels made their way up the bay, they were saluted by the various government batteries.

The greatest excitement prevails in the city. The streets are crowded, and everywhere can be heard the cry of "Viva Pinto." For the last two days the streets have been packed with people, and all the available trucks and hand carts have been busy carrying household goods and personal effects out of the city. The tram cars have been jammed until this noon, when it was learned that the war was over. This was the most joyful news to the people who fully expected that a battle was at hand.

De Mello Plays False.

There has been much suffering in the city. All business houses have been closed, and it has been very difficult to get food. The wholly available police force has been on duty constantly, but there has been little disturbance.

Almost the whole population is gathered in the center of the city. Probably 100,000 persons have left the city. Railroad transportation to the suburbs is free. The government is feeding the poor. Great crowds had congregated on the hills with the expectation of witnessing a battle between the two forces. The insurgent warship Aquidabon is not in this harbor. Admiral De Mello was false to the emperor and to President Fonseca and President Peixoto. He now proves false to Admiral Da Gama. Where he and his vessel are now is not known.

A Furious Bombardment.

In compliance with notices served on Da Gama yesterday at 12 o'clock precisely, the bar fortress opened fire upon Fort Villegaignon. In a short time the government forces at Fort Armacao and Fort Graciosa joined in the bombardment. The fire was not returned by the insurgents. The bombardment was continued until 3 o'clock, when it ceased.

Castillo, San Bento, Sunde, Curvello and all the city batteries then opened a furious fire upon Fort Villegaignon and the insurgent warship Tamandare. The fire was also directed upon the insurgent works at Cobras island and at other places.

The forces at Encabado lowered the hospital flag and hoisted the insurgent ensign. The garrison at Governor's island also took part in the attack on Fort Villegaignon, which was badly hammered by the government guns.

The fort on Cobras island took fire, but the flames were soon extinguished. The firing of the batteries lasted for an hour. No great damage was done. The insurgents did not fire a shot, husbanding their ammunition.

The White Flag.

At 4 o'clock the government fleet

appeared off the harbor, the torpedo boat Aurora leading. The other ves-

sels in the fleet were the Netheroy, America, Itapau, Bahia, Tiradentes and Paralibya and two steamers and five torpedo boats. Immediately upon the appearance of the squadron the rebels lowered the white en-

sign from one of the ships and hoisted a signal which was answered from shore.

A launch containing an officer then went from one insurgent ship to another, and each ship lowered the white flag. Two torpedo boats from the government fleet outside then entered the bay. One of them went to Fort Villegaignon, and it was shortly followed by the launch from the rebel ship. A few minutes later the white ensign came down from the fort and at 4:30 o'clock the govern-

ment fleet came up the bay, being a welcome sight to the anxious people on shore.

Da Gama's Terms Rejected.

WASHINGON, March 14.—The following dispatch was received yesterday at the navy department:

"The local facts announced at noon today. This was not referred by the secretary of state to the naval department, who will open fire upon him from the city batteries this afternoon or next. The city is nearly about closed and deserted." —*Telegraph.*

BRITISH IN CONTROL.

They Have Possession of Bluefields and Are deporting the Nicaraguans.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 14.—The steamer *Gusse* reached here from Bluefields yesterday, bringing news that the marines from the British cruiser *Tamar* were in possession of the town and that the British admiral had raised the martial law declared by the Nicaraguans after they occupied the place and suspended the Mosquito government.

The British cruiser took 325 of the Nicaraguan troops to Graytown and put them ashore and ordered whatever remained to leave the country. They did so, going up the river to Rama. The British are now in power and their action is said to be endorsed by the American residents.

The Santa Fe callers will give their second annual ball at Hamilton hall Friday evening, March 16, 1894.

BRITISH CABINET CRISIS.

The Rosebery Ministry Almost Wrecked by Mr. Labouchere.

LONDON, March 14.—In the house of commons Mr. Labouchere's amendment to abolish the house of lords was passed by a vote of 147 to 145, in spite of the opposition of the government. The division on Mr. Labouchere's amendment occurred earlier than was expected, and many of the Conservatives were absent at dinner. The majority was composed of seventy-three McCarthysites and Farnellites, the remainder being Radicals. When the division paper was handed to Mr. Labouchere, a tremendous cheer broke from the Irish and Radical benches and the members standing below the gangway. Mr. Tanner was excitedly cheering and waving his handkerchief, while the government tellers looked pale, and especially Chief Whip time. All the ministers looked downcast, while Mr. Balfour smiled ironically.

The result of the division partook of the nature of a surprise not only to the government but to many of the others who had voted in favor of the amendment. Several of the latter avowed that their object in supporting the amendment was merely to give a good division against the house of lords. They declare that had no idea that there was any prospect of the amendment being carried. Lewis, in fact, jump in the dark, and the bringing up of a place they did not expect to arrive at.

The prospect of the resignation of the cabinet was a general topic in the lobbies of the house of commons last evening. It is expected that the cabinet will meet to-day to discuss the matter.

Called for Water and Got a Bullet.

St. JOSEPH, Mo., March 14.—John Pumphrey, the hero of seven brawls in which he received bullet wounds, had a 44-caliber bullet fired into his chest yesterday which will be the means of ending his career. Pumphrey was shaving a man named Miller, and needed some water to wash his stepson, John Thomas, to bathe. The boy who is about 15 years of age, refused when Pumphrey started for him with a razor. As he did so the boy shot him in the chest, the bullet penetrating one of his lungs, and then escaped. Pumphrey is in a dying condition. He shot a policeman at Atchison some years ago and was seven times shot.

Tramps Capture a Train.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, March 14.—An east-bound train on the Southern Pacific was captured by a gang of thirty tramps or unemployed workmen west of Marfa, and when ordered to leave the train by the conductor the men refused to do so and became very insolent. The sheriff of Presidio county was informed of the situation by telegraph and was asked to afford the train protection. When the train arrived at Marfa the sheriff and a large posse of deputies met it and picked all of the tramps under arrest.

St. Joseph National Bank.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The three national banks at St. Joseph have submitted their statements to the comptroller, under the last call showing the condition of business at the close of last month. The average reserve is \$10 per cent. The total resources are \$6,531,100; 391 loans and discounts, \$20,696,737; total assets, \$7,662,761, and legal tenders, \$13,715. The capital stock is \$1,250,000; surplus funds, \$124,000, and individual deposits, \$3,029,986.90.

An Ex-Mayor of St. Louis Arrested.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 14.—James H. Britton, formerly mayor of this city and at one time president of the State Bank of Missouri, but now a citizen of New York, was arrested here yesterday by a United States marshal, charged with being accessory to an embezzlement by his son Alfred M. Britton, president of the First National bank of Vernon, Texas.

Borders That Instead of Train Robbers.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 14.—Sylvester Wilkerson, the man who is locked up at the Belleville jail, suspected of being one of the men who held up and attempted to rob a passenger train on the Mobile and Ohio railroad near East St. Louis a week ago, turned out to be a horse thief who has been stealing horses all over the state of Illinois.

Cigar-Makers in National Convention.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Cigar manufacturers assembled in national convention at the Sherman hotel yesterday for the purpose of forming a permanent organization, and also to protest against the increase of the internal revenue tax on cigars from \$1 to \$2 per thousand, as proposed by the senate tariff bill.

Permanent Settlement in the Strip.

CALDWELL, Kan., March 14.—The time for public settlement in the strip is near at hand, and hundreds of prairie-schooners pass through this city every day. Next Thursday at 12 o'clock the time is up, and those who made the run and got claims on the day of the opening must be on their claims at that hour.

Murder at Springfield.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., March 14.—At 1 o'clock yesterday morning Fred House aged about 21 years, unmarried, residing in this city, was found lying stablized to death on the sidewalk. The murder was the outcome of a drunken quarrel at a dance. John Moss has been fully charged with the crime. Joe and Will Moss are being held as accessories.

Murder and Suicide.

OMAHA, Neb., March 14.—A special from Ravenna, Neb., says: John Bracht, a young German farmer, living several miles south of Ravenna, shot his wife, a bride of four months, and then blew out his own brains with a shotgun.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures, purifies and heals. It was made for that purpose. Use it for burns, cuts, bruises, chapped hands, sores of all descriptions, and if you have piles use it for them.

J. K. Jones.

THE SENATE'S TURN.

Bland Seigniorage Bill Now Discussed by It.

Stewart of Course Gives it His Approval.

IT WOULD BE HARMFUL.

Is the Opinion of Mr. Dolph of Oregon.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The proceedings in the senate yesterday were of an extremely uninteresting character. Without the intervention of any morning business except the presentation of a few petitions and the introduction of some unimportant bills, the senate took up the consideration of the seigniorage bill. Senators Stewart and Lindsay spoke in favor and Mr. Dolph spoke in opposition to it. Holding that its passage would destroy the existing parity between gold and silver, and the two new senators, Mr. McLaurin of Mississippi, and Mr. Blanchard of Louisiana, received their committee appointments.

The house began the consideration

of the bill making appropriations for the sundry civil expenses of the government and fair progress was made. Only three amendments of any importance were adopted—one appropriating \$13,500 for lighting Bay Lake channel, another of \$64,000 for the public building at Buffalo and another of \$50,000 for repairing the postoffice at New York. The latter was fought by the appropriation committee.

The only amendment of importance was made by Mr. Morse, Republican, of Massachusetts to cut off the appropriation for the inter-state commerce commission. When the sense of the house was tested upon the proposition, it was overwhelmingly defeated by Mr. Balfe of New York who made the point of no quorum against it.

Just before adjournment Mr. Cummings presented, as a privileged report from the committee on naval affairs, his resolution calling for information from the secretary of the navy regarding the violation of the armor plate contracts by Carnegie, Phipps & Co., which had gone to that committee in the early part of the session on Mr. Stone's objection. The resolution was agreed to and the house then adjourned.

SENATE COMMITTEE CHANGES.

Assignments as Agreed Upon in Caucus Are Announced.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The Democratic members of the senate held a caucus yesterday for the purpose of assigning Senators Blanchard and McLaurin to committees and for making other committee assignments made necessary by the resignations of Senators Walhall and White. The work was done in rapid order as follows:

Blanchard—Chairman improvements of the Mississippi river, and member of the committee on epidemic diseases, Indian affairs, railroads and public buildings and grounds.

McLaurin—Chairman of the committee to investigate the geological surveys and member of the committee on civil service and retrenchment, claims, Indian depredations, and improvements of the Mississippi river.

Other assignments were made as follows:

Bates—Chairman committee on military affairs.

Berry—Member committee on commerce.

Cunden—Chairman committee to audit and control contingent expenses of the senate and member of the committee on organization and conduct of the executive department.

Jones, of Arkansas—Member of committee on contingent expenses.

Paes—Member of committee on military affairs.

Peterson—Member of committee on public lands.

Martin—Chairman committee on railroads.

Cafferty—Member committee on Pacific railroads.

Smith—Member committee on interstate commerce.

The assignments as agreed on in caucus were officially announced in the senate soon after it convened.

Senator Peffer resigned as a member of the committee on Mississippi improvements, as did Senator Cafferty as member of the committee on pensions, and Senator Martin as member and chairman of the committee to investigate the geological survey, and Senator Bates the chairmanship of the Mississippi river improvement committee.

Martin's Pension Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The house committee on invalid pensions ordered a favorable report on the bill of Representative Martin, Democrat of Indiana, doing away with the requirement of honorable discharge as a prelude to a pension. In many cases debt has occurred during a furlough or outside of military duties. In such cases no honorable discharge is in existence, and the widow is cut off from receiving a pension. The bill provides the death of a soldier equivalent to an honorable discharge except where the death occurs during desertion.

The Moore-Finston Contest.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—At a meeting of the house elections committee yesterday it was decided to take final action upon all the contested election cases argued before any new arguments were heard. Several cases were set for hearing March 27, and the Moore-Finston case will accordingly be settled before that time. The report has already been prepared by Representative Martin, and is favorable to Colonel Moore. This report will be adopted by the full committee and approved by the house.

Burns' Witch Hazel Salve.

San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, Sacramento, by the Santa Fe route, \$20.00 one way and \$35.00 round trip, all first class. Through palace and tourist sleepers every day in the year. Stop-over privileges at any and all California points on round trip tickets.

Try our Irish stew at 780 Kansas Avenue.

J. K. Jones.

STATE JOURNAL, WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 14, 1894.

THOSE WHO READ WILL PROFIT

BY THE STIRRING VALUES OFFERED THIS WEEK.

S. BARNUM & COMPANY,

617 AND 619 KANSAS AVENUE.

Two thousand yds. of fancy Satines, Pongees and Llama Cloths, **{ 93 Cts. }** **{ 94 Yd. }** We will make a quick sweep sale of them at 9c, which is a ridiculous low price.

One thousand yds. Dress Ginghams, assorted styles. Qualities **{ 43 Cts. }** **{ 44 Yd. }** The first comers will have the best choice of selection.

This Week Prices on Ready Made Sheets and Pillow Cases

WILL BE CUT DOWN AS FOLLOWS:

Bleached Sheets, best quality, thoroughly made, size 2½ by 2½ yards, 69c; they were 87½.
Bleached Sheets, best quality, thoroughly made, size 2½ by 2½ yards, 65c; they were 80c.
Unbleached Sheets, size 2½ by 2½ yards, 60c; formerly 75c.
Unbleached Sheets, size 2 by 2½ yards, 55c; formerly 70c.
Bleached Pillow Cases, best quality, size 45 by 30, 3 for 50c; were 20c each.

Here Are Some "Eye-Openers" in Towels Hard to Beat.

One lot Turkish Bath Towels, good quality, \$1.00 a dozen; were 12½c each.
Turkish Bath Towels, much larger and heavier, \$1.50 a dozen; regular 25c quality.

NO MORE AT SAME PRICE AFTER THIS LOT IS SOLD.

All Linen Fancy Stripe Towels, size 17 by 34 inches, 11c; should sell at 15c.
All Linen Gloss Towels, size 17 by 34 inches, 8½c; bought to sell at 12½c.
Large Size Cotton Huck Towels, 1.00 per dozen; worth \$1.25.

Fifty dozen assorted Damask Towels, including colored borders, knotted fringes and plain white, worth 30c, 35c, 40c and 45c; choice of the lot at 22½c.

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